

Jhalawar at a Glance

Nestled amidst the rugged landscape of southeastern Rajasthan, Jhalawar offers a glimpse into the past with its historic forts and palaces, while also showcasing verdant pockets amidst the rocky terrain.

History & Geography:

Once the capital of the Jhalawar princely state, Jhalawar was known as Brijnagar earlier.

Located on the edge of the Malwa plateau, Jhalawar boasts a unique geography with rocky hills contrasting with verdant valleys.

The region was previously part of the Bundi kingdom before becoming a separate state in the 17th century

Places of Interest:

Fort & Palaces: Jhalawar Fort, Garh Palace, and the Zenana Mahal are testaments to the region's royal past.

Temples: Jhalawar boasts several ancient temples, including the prestigious 8th century Sun Temple dedicated to Surya, the Sun God.

Weekend Getaways: Gandhi Sagar Sanctuary, known for its rich birdlife, and the stunning Lakshman Dabri waterfall are popular escapes near Jhalawar.

Festivals:

Dussehra is a vibrant celebration in Jhalawar, marked by a grand procession and traditional rituals. Other festivals like Holi and Diwali are also observed with enthusiasm.

Getting There:

Train: Jhalawar has its own railway station, well-connected to major cities in Rajasthan.

By Road: Jhalawar is easily accessible by road from nearby cities like Kota, Jaipur, and Indore.

Getting Around Local transportation options include auto-rickshaws and taxis.

Weather: Jhalawar experiences hot summers with temperatures reaching up to 45°C. Winters are pleasant with temperatures ranging from 10°C to 25°C. The monsoon season arrives in July and lasts until September, bringing moderate rainfall.

Where to Stay

Jhalawar offers a range of accommodation options, from budget-friendly hotels to heritage stays within converted palaces.

